

The social expenditure of released gases put on energy consumer sectors of Iran in the year 2005

Billion

Sector	NO <sub>x</sub>	SO <sub>2</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	CO	CH	SPM
Domestic, Commercial, Public	516	1266	2688	102	6	391
Industry	615	1998	1412	33	4	503
Transportation	3902	5017	2525	12996	969	9159
Agricultural	288	896	242	27	21	899
Stations	709	2047	2299	*	3	578
Totals	6030	11224	9167	13159	1002	11529

\* Negligible digit

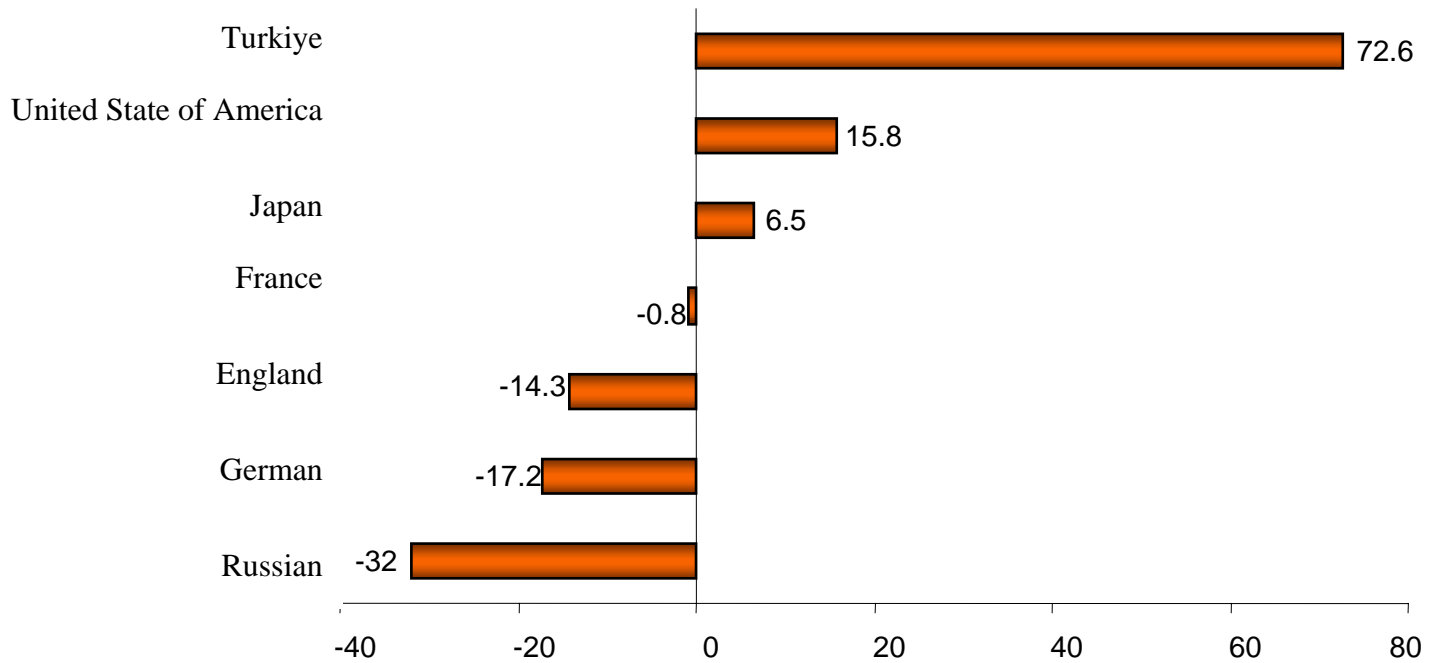
Environmental performance index (EPI)

Country	Stable Energy <sup>1</sup>		The quality of weather <sup>2</sup>	
	Score	Rank	Score	Rank
German	78.3	50	61.3	46
Indonesia	67.1	90	25.1	124
England	77.8	55	61.6	42
United State of America	69.7	80	44.7	97
Iran	36.6	117	31.1	117
Turkiye	69.7	79	49.1	87
China	50.8	111	22.3	128
Japan	79.7	43	52.6	75
Saudi Arabia	33.1	119	30.2	119
Russian	15.5	125	55.6	66
France	78.9	47	61.5	44
South Korea	68.1	88	47.1	93
India	59.7	100	28.4	121

- In counting stable energy index, factors such as, energy efficiency, renewable energy and the amount of CO<sub>2</sub> emission for considered GDP.
- Weather quality indexes based on rural dissolved solids is counted

The greenhouse gas emission variability without LULUCF<sup>(1)</sup>  
in the year 2004 to the year 1990

(Percent)



Carbon dioxide emission index to Gross National Product  
in terms of equal purchase ability

CO<sub>2</sub> Kg in USA dollar in  
terms of the prices  
of 2000

Country	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
German	0.39	0.4	0.39	0.4	0.39
Indonesia	0.43	0.44	0.47	0.45	0.47
England	0.35	0.35	0.33	0.33	0.32
United State of America	0.58	0.57	0.57	0.56	0.54
Iran	0.82	0.83	0.80	0.80	0.80
Turkiye	0.44	0.43	0.42	0.42	0.40
China	0.60	0.59	0.59	0.63	0.67
Japan	0.36	0.35	0.37	0.36	0.35
Saudi Arabia	1.00	1.03	1.08	1.05	1.07
Russian	1.46	1.41	1.32	1.25	1.17
France	0.24	0.24	0.23	0.24	0.23
South Korea	0.56	0.55	0.52	0.51	0.50
India	0.40	0.38	0.38	0.36	0.35
World	0.52	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51